

CANDIDATE SITE SUPPORTING STATEMENT <u>FOR</u> <u>REVISED CARMARTHENSHIRE LOCAL DEVELOPMENT</u> <u>PLAN 2018-2033</u>

LAND SOUTH OF TYCROES ROAD, TYCROES, AMMANFORD, CARMARTHENSHIRE

On behalf of Mr C Jenkins

Our Ref: 0108.b Date: August 2018 Prepared by: JDE

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

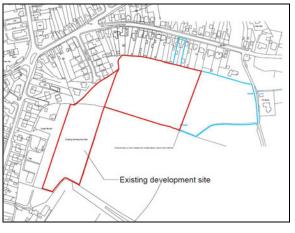
- 1.1 JCR Planning has been instructed by Mr C Jenkins (the Land Owner) to prepare and submit a Candidate Site Supporting Statement for the allocation of land south of Tycroes Road, Tycroes for the purposes of residential development in the forthcoming replacement Carmarthenshire Local Development Plan.
- 1.2 This Statement has been prepared in line with the Authority's published documents entitled *Revised Carmarthenshire Local Development Plan: Guidance Note* and *Revised Carmarthenshire Local Development Plan: Candidate Site Assessment Methodology.* The contents of this Statement therefore address each point raised within these documents, as well as ensuring that it complies with regards to the guidance and requirements of *Planning Policy Wales (Edition 9)* when it comes to the preparation of development plans and the allocation of land for residential purposes as part of them.
- 1.3 The contents of this Statement therefore provide a comprehensive case for the allocation of the land for residential development purposes and it should also be read in conjunction with the accompanying supporting information and indicative site layout drawing.



2.0 SITE CONTEXT

2.1 THE SITE

2.1.1 The Candidate Site relates to a parcel of land measuring just over 3.33ha located south of Tycroes Road, Tycroes, edged in red on the plan below.



Plan A

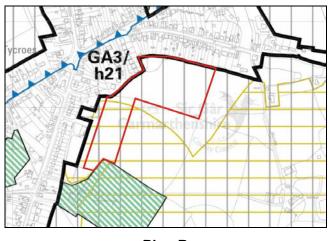
2.1.2 The Site consists of two currently undeveloped agricultural enclosures that are laid to rough grass. The first (western parcel) relates to an existing development site that is currently the subject of a reserved matters application, based on the layout illustrated below.



Plan B



- 2.1.3 The second parcel then adjoins the above, leading east from it. However, not all of this parcel has been included as part of the Candidate Site, as the remainder of the enclosure of which the Site forms part of is then slightly more vegetated and so has been excluded from the area proposed for development, in the interests of promoting biodiversity in the locality.
- 2.1.4 The Site is then generally level with its boundaries being all generally well defined by existing established hedgerows, stock proof fencing or residential means of enclosure. Although the site does not contain any running water features, a drainage ditch runs along its northern boundary.
- 2.1.5 In terms of access, the Site is currently accessed via an adjoining residential development (Ffordd y Deri) and it is from this that the development of the Candidate Site would be served.
- 2.1.6 Under the provisions of the current Carmarthenshire Local Development Plan, the site adjoins the Development Limits for the settlement of Tycroes, as illustrated in the plan below.



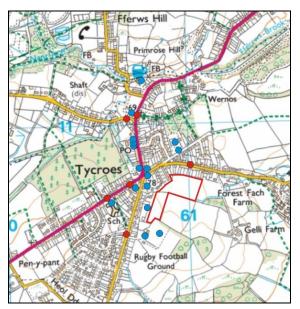
Plan B



2.1.7 As can be seen, the Candidate Site adjoins and is well related to the existing defined Development Limits for Tycroes and the settlement and its built form as a whole, when existing residential development directly to its north and that to be constructed in its western portion is taken into consideration. Its position and proposed use therefore represents a natural and logical location for the settlement's expansion.

2.2 THE ADJOINING SETTLEMENT

- 2.2.1 As detailed above, the Candidate Site adjoins and indeed lies within the existing settlement and form of Tycroes. The existing built form and pattern of the settlement follows key access routes, with then further development leading off these in depth, such as the recently approved site to the west of the Candidate Site. The larger towns of Ammanford and Cross Hands are then located a short distance to the north east and north respectively.
- 2.2.2 The Site is also located a short distance from the settlement's core (less than 50m to the north) and within walking distance of all of its community facilities and local services, all of which are marked by the blue circles on the map below.



Plan C



- 2.2.3 Access to further facilities in the larger towns of Ammanford, Llanelli and Carmarthen can then be gained by regular bus services (including numbers 124, 126, 128, 129, G14 and X13), a number of stops for which are within a short walk of the Candidate Site. The strong sustainable position of Tycroes should therefore be given full consideration when considering potential future growth options.
- 2.2.4 In terms of planned growth, the proposed Candidate Site forms part of one of the 3 identified Growth Areas (GA3) within the current LDP. Within these areas, the majority of the County's growth (particularly with regards to housing) was expected to be accommodated within the Plan period. However, a significant number of the housing allocations within GA3 have yet to be delivered 3 years since the Plan's adoption, particularly within the Amman Valley, of which the Candidate Site forms part.
- 2.2.5 We understand that this worrying trend has been identified and acknowledged by the Authority through its own assessment of current allocations. In the report to Full Council in January of this year all allocations were categorised as either being 'Red', 'Yellow' or 'Green' in terms of their ability to be delivered, with Red being those considered to be the least deliverable, or not capable of being delivered at all. Table 1 below therefore provides an indication of those sites categorised as being 'Red' by the Authority.



LDP Ref.	Site Name	Units
GA3/h2	Residential Caravan Park, Parc Henry Lane	9
GA3/h4	North of Church Street	27
GA3/h6	Former police station	12
GA3/h7	Viji Garage, High Street	20
GA3/h8	Lon Ger y Coed/ Wernoleu Road	14
GA3/h17	Tirychen Farm	250
GA3/h25	Delfryn Estate	15
GA3/h26	Land adj Llys Newydd Nursing Home	25
GA3/h30	King's Road	22
GA3/h33	Land adj Penygroes Road	17
GA3/h36	Adj Clos y Cwm	12
GA3/h53	Nantydderwen	33

Table	1
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- 2.2.6 From the above table, it is evident that there are a total of 456 'red' units those considered unlikely to be delivered by the Authority. Whilst it is recognised that some of the above are the subject of implemented consents, the remaining number of units without the benefit of an implemented planning permission continues to be over 440. Whilst this in itself questions their delivery, it should be noted that almost all of the above sites were previously allocated in the Carmarthenshire Unitary Development Plan and so despite being earmarked for development for over 12 years, almost all of the above allocations have failed to deliver any new housing within the identified Growth Area.
- 2.2.7 The net result of the above is that despite the Growth Area continuing to have a very strong provision of community facilities, local services and public transport connections, its ability to grow and capitalise on these sustainable attributes has been prevented through allocations that have made no contribution to the housing stock since the LDP adoption, and indeed some time before this. The deliverability of the remainder of the aforementioned longstanding allocations are clearly in doubt and so in order to readdress this deficit in provision, and capitalise on the sustainability of the Growth Area, more deliverable residential allocations are required.



3.0 THE PROPOSAL

3.0.1 As part of the requirements for the promotion of sites for residential development, this Statement is accompanied by an indicative layout for a potential residential scheme that could be developed on the element of the Candidate Site not benefitting from an extant planning permission. The remainder would then be constructed as is currently approved. It should be emphasised that the accompanying layout is for illustrative purposes and that other design solutions for the Site could also be reached. Notwithstanding this, the accompanying layout drawing has taken account of all the potential assets and constraints of the Site and demonstrates that the additional element not currently benefitting from planning permission is capable of delivering 62 units in a deliverable and sustainable manner. The following information therefore expands on this principle in relation to that element of the Candidate Site.

3.1 DEVELOPMENT OVERVIEW

3.1.1 It is proposed that the Candidate Site be allocated in the forthcoming replacement LDP for the purposes of 62 residential units. As detailed above, the accompanying illustrative layout (reproduced below) demonstrates that the site is capable of accommodating this number in a deliverable and sustainable manner.







- 3.1.2 As illustrated above, the element of the Site in question is capable of accommodating a mix of unit sizes and types, with the associated density 62 units having therefore taken into consideration this potential mix, as well as striking a balance of being reflective of the existing form and density of residential development in the immediate locality.
- 3.1.3 With regards then to access, it is proposed that the Candidate Site would be served by an access that would form a continuation of the estate road to serve the adjoining approved residential element of the Candidate Site.
- 3.1.4 Due to the proximity of existing facilities the proposal does not include any formal areas of open space. It is recognised and supported that an element of the proposed units would be affordable in nature, which under the provisions of the current LDP would be in the region of 10%.

3.2 INFRASTRUCTURE CONSIDERATIONS

3.2.1 Any development of the Candidate Site for residential units would be served by mains water, public sewer and electricity, connections to which either lie within the



site or in the adjoining stretch of aforementioned newly constructed estate road serving the adjoining residential development.

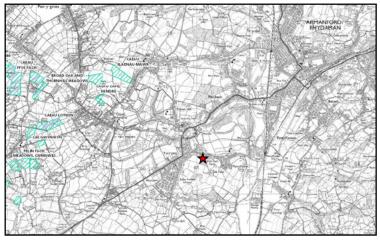
3.2.2 With regards then to surface water, it is considered that as a result of on-site features, there would be a number of options available to any development of the site in terms of its disposal.



4.0 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

4.1 ECOLOGICAL ATTRIBUTES

- 4.1.1 Any potential biodiversity assets the Site may include have been given full consideration with regards to exploring its potential for residential development. This has included the proposed retention and management of an area to adjoining the Site to the east (through therefore its exclusion from the proposed development area) forming part of the Land Owner's wider ownership, as well as the retention of any boundary hedgerows.
- 4.1.2 In the wider context, the site does not adjoin or form part of any local or national nature conservation designation. There are then 5 SSSI designations and 1 SAC designation within 3km of the Candidate Site (red star on Plan E), who's locations are illustrated on the plan below.





4.1.3 Notwithstanding the above, it is considered that due to the separation distance from these designations and the Candidate Site, together with intervening topography (including existing residential development) that these factors will ensure that its development would have no detrimental impact on them.

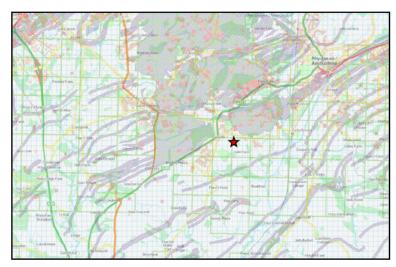


4.2 HISTORICAL ASSETS

4.2.1 Neither the Candidate Site or adjoining settlement includes any Listed Buildings or Conservation Area's. In addition, there are no Scheduled Ancient Monuments (SAM) within or adjoining the Candidate Site. As a result, the development of the Site would not have any detrimental impact on the setting or interest of any nearby historical asset.

4.3 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTRAINTS

- 4.3.1 The Candidate Site is not categorised as being at risk of flooding in terms of the Development Advice Maps or those produced by Natural Resources Wales.
- 4.3.2 Due to its greenfield nature and agricultural use, the Candidate Site has no ground contamination related constraints.
- 4.3.3 Whilst many areas in the locality have been the subject of mining in the past, Plan F below (obtained from the Coal Authority) shows that the Candidate Site (marked with a red star) has no known surface or underground workings, or mine entries or associated ventilation shafts within it.



Plan F



4.3.4 As a result, the Site has no ground stability related constraints to its proposed development



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5.0 VIABILITY

- 5.0.1 As part of the preparation of any development plan, it is vital to ensure that allocations within it are both viable and deliverable. To not make efforts to explore both these aspects is to then risk that the Plan may be unsound and so in turn fail to meet its own targets or objectives.
- 5.0.2 Although detailed viability appraisals are difficult to prepare at this stage of the Plan's preparation due to the absence of, for example, such things as full engineering details, it is possible to undertake such appraisals at a strategic or in-principle level. The following therefore represents such a process and is fit-for-purpose in providing confidence with regards to both the viability and deliverability of the Candidate Site at this stage, but it should be noted, that more detailed analysis at a planning application stage may result in some variance.

5.1 VIABILITY APPRAISAL

5.1.1 The following provides an indication of the viability of delivering the proposed additional 62 units on the Candidate Site in question, with the viability of the currently approved 27 secured and supported by the submission of a recent reserved matters application. It is based very much on its greenfield status and uses figures and costings previously accepted by the local authority through its determination of planning applications and other works. The following appraisal is therefore based on the assumptions set out below in order to provide a residual value for the scheme.

<u>Costs</u>

- Dwelling construction costs are based on £850 per metre.
- Adoptable Road construction cost based on £1,200 per metre
- Connections for all utilities include water, foul water and electric.
- Developer's Profit based on RICS guidelines (15%)



• Professional Fees include planning application fee, associated professional fees, estate agency fees (1%) and LABC Warranty fee.

<u>Sales</u>

- Sale Prices based on LPAs Affordable Housing SPG, market research and ACG figures where relevant.
- 5.1.2 Using the above, the following represents a strategic viability appraisal for the proposed 62 units, based on six affordable dwellings.

Costs	Cost Per Unit/Metre	No. Units/Metres	Total
2 Bed (84 sqm)	71400	21	1499400
3 Bed (91 sqm)	77350	29	2243150
2 Bed Bungalow (94 sqm)	79900	6	479400
2 Bed Bungalow (80 sqm)	68000	6	408000
Road Construction	1200	368	441600
Shared Access Drives	400	146	58400
Utility Connections	5000	62	310000
Professional Fees	-		1025817
Sprinklers	3500	62	217000
		Total	6682767
Sales			
Two Bed (84 sqm)(Affordables)	65110	6	390660
2 Bed (84 sqm)	140000	15	2100000
3 Bed (91 sqm)	155000	29	4495000
2 Bed Bungalow (94 sqm)	160000	6	960000
2 Bed Bungalow (80 sqm)	180000	6	1080000
		Total	9025660
Developers Profit Total		Total	1353849
	Residual Land Value	989044	

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5.1.3 Based on the above figures, it is considered that in-principle, the development of the site would be financially viable.



5.2 DELIVERABILITY

- 5.2.1 In terms of deliverability, it should be firstly noted, as illustrated above, that the site is viable. Furthermore, there are no ownership or physical constraints preventing the site's delivery.
- 5.2.2 In terms of a delivery timescale, with a developer secured, it is envisaged that the site could be capable of being completed within 5 years from the adoption of the replacement LDP, as well as in a phased manner within this time period.



6.0 NATIONAL PLANNING POLICY CONSIDERATIONS

- 6.1.1 In the preparation of any development plan, consideration must be given to national planning policy and guidance. At present, this takes the form of *Planning Policy Wales (Edition 9)* and a series of *Technical Advice Notes* (TAN) that deal with a range of topic areas.
- 6.1.2 With regards to residential development, or housing, the overarching requirements and principle guidance set by national policy can be found at Paragraph 9.2.3, which reads as follows:

"Local planning authorities must ensure that sufficient land is genuinely available or will become available to provide a 5-year supply of land for housing judged against the general objectives and the scale and location of development provided for in the development plan. This means that sites must be free, or readily freed, from planning, physical and ownership constraints, and economically feasible for development, so as to create and support sustainable communities where people want to live. There must be sufficient sites suitable for the full range of housing types."

- 6.1.3 At present, Carmarthenshire County Council's housing supply figure is below the required 5 year level and so it is imperative that this is addressed as quickly as possible to avoid further deterioration of communities and the facilities and services they have to offer. The instigation of the review of the LDP will form part of addressing this issue, but only if truly sustainable and deliverable allocations are identified and allocated, to replace many of the failing sites that currently form part of the Authority housing and growth strategy for the County, as set out by the current LDP.
- 6.1.4 Dealing specifically with the Candidate Site subject of this report, it is evident that its inclusion within the replacement LDP would adhere to the requirements of Paragraph



9.2.3, in that it is free from any planning, physical or ownership constraint. In addition, as shown at Section 5 of this Statement, the site is also economically viable in deliverability terms.

- 6.1.5 Paragraph 9.2.9 then provides Authorities with more specific guidance in selecting sites for allocation for residential development and in terms of the Candidate Site, it is considered that it satisfies all relevant criteria, including the following:
 - The location of the Candidate Site is sustainable in terms of its proximity to a range of community facilities, local services and public transport services.
 - The physical and social infrastructure of the settlement is capable of accommodating the proposed development without detriment to any interest.
 - The Candidate Site is not subject to any physical constraint such as flood risk, ground instability, ecological interest, historic assets or contamination that would prevent its delivery.
 - The development of the site for residential purposes would be compatible with existing adjoining land uses.
- 6.1.6 In summary therefore, the allocation of the Candidate Site adheres and supports the objective, principles and requirements of national planning policy.



7.0 CONCLUSION

- 7.1.1 Although currently undeveloped, the Candidate Site forms a logical extension to the existing settlement, being well related to it on two sides and being positioned at a location within the wider landscape to not form a prominent or logical part of the surrounding open countryside. The Site also represents a logical progression of the adjoining recently approved residential development to the west, which is the subject of detailed discussions with a number of developers, which in itself sustains the argument of the Site's deliverability and viability.
- 7.1.2 In addition to the above, the Site lies within close proximity and walking distance of the existing community services and local facilities of the adjoining settlement, which will ensure it makes a positive contribution to both national and local sustainable development objectives.
- 7.1.3 From a wider sense, the Site also benefits from well served excellent public transport links to the nearby settlements, the larger town of Ammanford, together with other locations within and adjoining the County, further increasing the facilities and services available to future residents of the Site via sustainable transport means. In tandem to this, the development of the Site will in turn ensure a deliverable source of future housing for the settlement and Growth Area in which it lies, which has seen a dangerous level of under supply prior to and since the adoption of the current LDP. The development of the Site will help to redress this imbalance and it is strongly suggested that the Authority closely scrutinises those sites currently allocated in the LDP in terms of their suitability and deliverability if it is to continue to allocate them. National planning policy however would suggest that in view of the uncertainty in relation to their delivery, such sites should not form part of the replacement LDP.
- 7.1.4 With the Candidate Site having no access, ground condition, flood risk, hydrological, ecological, archaeological or land ownership related constraints, its delivery if



allocated is assured. Combined therefore with its locational characteristics, the Site in question represents a sustainable candidate for future housing development.

7.1.5 In view of the above and information provided in this Statement, it is respectfully requested that the Candidate Site in question be designated for residential development.

